#### **Profit and Loss Transfer Agreement**

between

#### euromicron Aktiengesellschaft communication & control technology Frankfurt/Main

- hereinafter referred to as the "controlling company" -

and

#### euromicron Deutschland GmbH Neu-Isenburg

- hereinafter referred to as the "controlled company" -

#### **Preamble**

- (1) The controlled company with registered offices in Neu-Isenburg is entered in the commercial register of Offenbach am Main Local Court under HRB 48947.
- (2) The sole shareholder of the controlled company is the controlling company, which has its registered offices in Frankfurt/Main and is entered in the commercial register of Frankfurt/Main Local Court under HRB 45562.
- (3) With regard to the financial integration of the controlled company into the controlling company's enterprise in order to create an integrated inter-company relationship within the meaning of Sections 14 and 17 KStG (German Corporation Tax Act) and Section 2 (2) Sentence 2 GewStG (German Trade Tax Act), the Parties intend to conclude the following controlling and profit and loss transfer agreement.

# Section 1 Dispensability of a compensatory payment and cash compensation

A reasonable compensatory payment in accordance with Section 304 (German Stock Corporation Law) and reasonable cash compensation in accordance with Section 305 (German Stock Corporation Law) shall not be granted, since the controlling company is the sole shareholder of the controlled company (cf. Section 304 (1) Sentence 3 and 305 (1) AktG (German Stock Corporation Law)).

## Section 2 Transfer of profits

- (1) During the term of this agreement and subject to Section 2 (2) the controlled company is obliged to transfer its entire profit, however, according to the current wording of Section 301 Sentence 1 AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) only up to its net income for the year generated without the profit transfer, minus any loss carried forward from the previous year and any transfers to the other revenue reserves according to Section 300 AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) and any amount of the net income that must not be distributed in accordance with Section 268 (8) HGB (German Commercial Code) to the controlling company.
- (2) The controlled company can, with the consent of the controlling company, transfer amounts from its net income for the year (except for the statuary reserves) to the other revenue reserves (Section 272 (3) HGB (German Commercial Code)) only as far as this is permitted under the German Commercial Code and is economically justified in accordance with prudent business practice. If other revenue reserves in accordance with Section 272 (3) HGB (German Commercial Code) are set up during the term of this agreement, the controlling company can demand in accordance with the current wording of Section 301 Sentence 2 AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) that these reserves are withdrawn and transferred as profit. This shall apply mutatis mutandis in case of dissolving statutory or legal reserves during the term of this agreement.
- (3) The obligation of the controlled company to transfer its entire profit shall also include the profit from the sale of all its assets, if and insofar as such transfer is legally permissible. This shall not apply to profits accruing after dissolution of the controlled company.
- (4) Amounts from the reversal of revenue reserves and profits carried forward shall not be paid over, as far as they were set up or accrued in fiscal years before the term of this agreement commences. Amounts from capital reserves dissolved in accordance with Section 272 (2) HGB (German Commercial Code) shall not be paid over at all. The admissibility of the release, distribution or withdrawal of capital reserves in accordance with law shall remain unaffected.

(5) If Section 301 AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) should be changed in the future, the respective current version is applicable analogously.

### Section 3 Assumption of losses

Section 302 AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) in its applicable version shall apply for the assumption of losses analogously.

## Section 4 Due date, payment of interest

- (1) The obligation to transfer profits or offset losses shall arise on the balance sheet date of the controlled company and shall be due at that time. At the request of the controlling company, the controlled company shall be obliged to transfer the estimated profit in full or in part before the balance sheet date, provided there are sufficient indications for a positive earnings forecast.
- (2) Interest of 5 percent as of the balance sheet date (due date) shall be payable on the entitlement to offsetting of a loss.

### Section 5 Effectiveness

This agreement shall be concluded subject to the approval of the General Meeting of the controlling company and the shareholders' meeting of the controlled company. The agreement shall become effective upon its entry in the commercial register of the controlled company and shall apply retroactively as of the beginning of the fiscal year of the controlled company in which it is entered in the commercial register of the controlled company. However, the agreement shall not become effective before midnight on December 31, 2015.

# Section 6 Term and termination of the agreement

(1) The agreement shall be concluded for an indefinite period of time. It can be terminated by either party with a period of notice of six months to the end of each fiscal year of the controlled company. It can be terminated for the first time at the earliest to the end of the fourth fiscal year of the controlled company following the fiscal year as of which the agreement takes effect and insofar as at least 5 years in time (60 months) have elapsed from when this agreement took effect. Notice of termination shall be issued by registered post. The date on which the notice of termination is received by the other company shall be authoritative in defining whether the deadline has been complied with.

- (2) This agreement can be terminated prematurely without a period of notice only for an important reason. Section 297 (1) AktG (German Stock Corporation Law) shall remain unaffected. An important reason shall be in particular the cases specified in Directive 60 (6) of the German Corporation Tax Directives (2004), relocation of the registered offices of the controlling company to abroad, a change in form of the controlled company, relocation of the registered offices of the controlled company to abroad, and transfer of shares in the controlled company resulting in a cessation of the financial integration in accordance with Section 14 (1) Sentence 1 No. 1 KStG (German Corporation Tax Act).
- (3) If the requirements for tax recognition of the integrated inter-company relationship under German corporation tax law and trade tax law or its proper execution are, contrary to all expectations, not met during the five-year period as defined in Section 6 (1) Sentence 3, the five-year period shall not commence, contrary to Section 6 (1) Sentence 3, until the first day of the fiscal year following the year in which the requirements for recognizing the integrated inter-company relationship under tax law or for its execution were not met.

## Section 7 Final provisions

- (1) If individual provisions of this agreement are or become void or invalid, this shall not affect the remaining provisions of the agreement. In this case, a provision which corresponds as closely as possible to the intended purpose of the void or invalid provision in legal and economic terms shall be agreed. The same shall apply to any additional interpretation of the agreement if it contains a gap. If a provision is unfeasible or invalid due to the scope of performance or in relation to a date or time, a legally permissible arrangement which corresponds as closely as possible to the invalid or unfeasible scope of performance or date/time shall be deemed as having been agreed.
- (2) Any amendments to or modifications of this agreement shall only be valid when given in writing, unless another form is prescribed. This shall also apply to this Section 7 (2).

Frankfurt/Main, July 28, 2016

For euromicron Aktiengesellschaft communication & control technology

By the Executive Board

For euromicron Deutschland GmbH

By the Management